

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	2397	((568/591) or (568/678) or (568/679) or (568/698) or (585/639) or (585/640)).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/06/25 19:33
L2	6475	alcohol and supercritical	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 19:33
L3	22	I1 and I2	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:21
L4	784	dehydration and supercritical	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:29
L5	401575	alcohol and ether	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:22
L6	235	I4 and I5	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:23
L7	208777	sulfonic near2 acid	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:23
L8	42	I6 and I7	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:28
L9	870157	ether or acetal or ketal or alkene	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:38

L10	477	I4 and I9	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:28
L11	44	I7 and I10	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:29
L12	2	I11 not I8	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:29
L13	87	dehydration same supercritical	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:29
L14	1052	(ether or acetal or ketal or alkene) same supercritical	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:38
L15	988016	alcohol or (hydroxyl near5 compound)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:39
L16	803	I14 and I15	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:40
L17	708	acid and I16	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:40
L18	731801	zeolite or (metal adj oxide) or molecular adj sieve or clay or (sulfonic adj acid)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:41
L19	382	I17 and I18	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:58

L20	44639	poliakoff.in. or gray.in. or swan.in. or ross.in. or wieland.in. or roeder.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 20:59
L21	2	I4 and I20	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 21:00
L22	3057	I9 and I20	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 21:00
L23	36	supercritical and I22	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/06/25 21:00

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=> s dehydration and supercritical

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21728 SUPERCRITICAL

L1 105 DEHYDRATION AND SUPERCRITICAL

=> d 1-105 ti

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

TI Decomposition behavior of cellulose in **supercritical** water, subcritical water, and their combined treatments

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TI **Dehydration** reaction and hydration reaction of organic compounds in **supercritical** or subcritical water containing carbon dioxide

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TI Process for producing levoglucosan

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- TI A one-step production of fine chemicals using **supercritical** water: an environmental benign application to the synthesis of monoterpene alcohol

- L1 ANSWER 8 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Continuous preparation of barium hexaferrite by **supercritical** water crystallization

- L1 ANSWER 9 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Kinetics and thermodynamics of 2-propanol **dehydration** in **supercritical** water

- L1 ANSWER 10 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Inorganic materials (metals, ceramics, glasses) under the influence of reactants in **supercritical** aqueous solutions as well as chemical reactions (partial oxidations, hydrolysis, dehydrations) under the influence of inorganic materials in **supercritical** aqueous solutions

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- TI Catalytic **dehydration** of glycerin to acrolein in near- and **supercritical** water

- L1 ANSWER 12 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Characterisation of nimesulide-beta-cyclodextrins systems prepared by **supercritical** fluid impregnation

- L1 ANSWER 13 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Characterization of barium hexaferrite produced by varying the reaction parameters at the mixing-points in a **supercritical** water crystallization process

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- TI Control of reversible reactions in **supercritical** water: I. Alkylations

- L1 ANSWER 16 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Measurement and Modeling of Gas Solubility and Literature Review of the Properties for the Carbon Dioxide-Water System

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- TI Extraction of carotenoids from Citrus unshiu press cake by **supercritical** carbon dioxide

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- TI Conversions of some small organic compounds with metal oxides in **supercritical** water at 673 K

- L1 ANSWER 19 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Lipase-catalyzed synthesis of polyesters from anhydride derivatives involving **dehydration**

- L1 ANSWER 20 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Rapid and selective production of valuable chemical intermediates from cellulose using **supercritical** water
- L1 ANSWER 21 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI The partial oxidation of isobutene in sub- and **supercritical** water
- L1 ANSWER 22 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI The influence of the density of **supercritical** water on the rate constant for the **dehydration** of isopropanol
- L1 ANSWER 23 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI **Dehydration** of fructose to 5-hydroxymethylfurfural in sub- and **supercritical** acetone
- L1 ANSWER 24 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Texture and nanostructure of chromia aerogels prepared by urea-assisted homogeneous precipitation and low-temperature **supercritical** drying
- L1 ANSWER 25 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Porous coordination-polymer crystals with gated channels specific for **supercritical** gases
- L1 ANSWER 26 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Method for modification of solid in **supercritical** fluid.
- L1 ANSWER 27 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Relaxation of the structure of simple metal ion complexes in aqueous solutions at up to **supercritical** conditions
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 TI Production of metal or metal compound particles by combination of hydrothermal process and RESS (rapid expansion of **supercritical** solution), and apparatus for it
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 TI Structure, dynamics and reaction of **supercritical** water
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 TI Rapid and selective retro-aldol condensation of glucose to glycolaldehyde in **supercritical** water
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- TI Reaction kinetics of 2-propanol **dehydration** in **supercritical** water

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- TI Ortho-Selective Alkylation of Phenol with 2-Propanol without Catalyst in **Supercritical** Water

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- TI Method for removal of water associated with bone while diminishing the dimensional changes associated with lyophilization

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- TI **Supercritical** fluid extraction of borage oil

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- TI Reaction mechanism of sugar derivatives in subcritical and **supercritical** water

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- TI Synthesis of .vepsiln.-caprolactam from .vepsiln.-caprolactone and ammonia in **supercritical** water

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- TI Mechanistic Aspects of Methanol Partial Oxidation over Supported Iron Oxide Aerogels

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- TI The production of thin metal oxide films by spray pyrolysis using **supercritical** CO₂-assisted aerosolization of aqueous solutions

- L1 ANSWER 48 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI The **dehydration** of 1,4-butanediol to tetrahydrofuran in **supercritical** water

- L1 ANSWER 49 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Kinetic study of chemical transformation in **supercritical** media of bis(hexafluoroacetylacetonate)copper (II) hydrate

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- TI Structural Relationships, Interconversion, and Optical Properties of the Uranyl Iodates, UO₂(IO₃)₂ and UO₂(IO₃)₂(H₂O): A Comparison of Reactions under Mild and **Supercritical** Conditions

- L1 ANSWER 51 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI **Dehydration** of 1,4-butanediol to tetrahydrofuran in **supercritical** water
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 TI An X-ray absorption spectroscopy study of the pressure and temperature dependence of ZnBr₂ aqueous **supercritical** solutions
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 TI Detection of muoniated organic free radicals in **supercritical** water
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 TI Influence of stoichiometry and reaction time in the barium hexaferrite synthesis by **supercritical** water crystallization method
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 TI Apparatus for decomposition and recovery of polyurethane resin
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 TI Material synthesis in **supercritical** water. Specific features of reactions in **supercritical** water and novel processes for organic and inorganic syntheses
- L1 ANSWER 58 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI The Continuous Acid-Catalyzed **Dehydration** of Alcohols in **Supercritical** Fluids: A New Approach to the Cleaner Synthesis of Acetals, Ketals, and Ethers with High Selectivity
- L1 ANSWER 59 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Chemistry in **supercritical** water
- L1 ANSWER 60 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI **Supercritical** CO₂ carbonation of cemented radioactive waste-forms. Influence on leachability and structure
- L1 ANSWER 61 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI The **dehydration** of 1,4-butanediol to tetrahydrofuran in sub- and **supercritical** water
- L1 ANSWER 62 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Glucose and fructose decomposition in subcritical and **supercritical** water: detailed reaction pathway, mechanisms, and kinetics
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 TI Formation of aqueous small droplet aerosols assisted by **supercritical** carbon dioxide
- L1 ANSWER 64 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Production of fine metal oxide particles in **supercritical** water
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- L1 ANSWER 66 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Organic Chemical Reactions in **Supercritical** Water

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 TI Studies on extraction of lycopene. 1. Effect of drying methods on extraction of lycopene in tomato skin with **supercritical** carbon dioxide
- L1 ANSWER 68 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI **Supercritical** drying with zeolite for the preparation of silica aerogels
- L1 ANSWER 69 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Chemical changes of TCE and PCE in the process of activated carbon adsorption-**supercritical** extraction
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 TI Hydration of Bromide Ion in **Supercritical** Water: An X-ray Absorption Fine Structure and Molecular Dynamics Study
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 TI Degradation Kinetics of Dihydroxyacetone and Glyceraldehyde in Subcritical and **Supercritical** Water
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 TI **Supercritical** CO₂ extraction of oil and residual proteins from Atlantic mackerel (*Scomber scombrus*) as affected by moisture content
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 TI Kinetics of the Titanium Isopropoxide Decomposition in **Supercritical** Isopropyl Alcohol
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 TI Effect of sample matrix **dehydration** during **supercritical** fluid extraction on the recoveries of drug residues from fortified chicken liver
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 TI Study of the sequential conversion of citric to itaconic to methacrylic acid in near-critical and **supercritical** water
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 TI Transformations of Cyclohexane Derivatives in **Supercritical** Water
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 TI In situ fiber-optic Raman spectroscopy of organic chemistry in a **supercritical** water reactor

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 TI Phase equilibrium study for the separation of ethanol-water solution using subcritical and **supercritical** hydrocarbon solvent extraction
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 TI Effect of drying with **supercritical** carbon dioxide on enhancement and modification of polymeric catalysts' activity
- L1 ANSWER 84 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Mechanism and kinetics of the acid-catalyzed formation of ethene and diethyl ether from ethanol in **supercritical** water
- L1 ANSWER 85 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Mechanism and kinetics of the acid-catalyzed **dehydration** of ethanol in **supercritical** water
- L1 ANSWER 86 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Probe interface for **supercritical** fluid chromatography/Fourier transform mass spectrometry
- L1 ANSWER 87 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Influence of pressure on the acid-catalyzed rate constant for 1-propanol **dehydration** in **supercritical** water
- L1 ANSWER 88 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Kinetic elucidation of the acid-catalyzed mechanism of 1-propanol **dehydration** in **supercritical** water
- L1 ANSWER 89 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Formation of acrylic acid from lactic acid in **supercritical** water
- L1 ANSWER 90 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Extraction of fat tissue from meat products with **supercritical** carbon dioxide
- L1 ANSWER 91 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI **Dehydration** of acetic acid-water mixtures with near critical and **supercritical** fluid solvents
- L1 ANSWER 92 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Transformations of lower alcohols in **supercritical** extraction of Uzbek oil shales
- L1 ANSWER 93 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Acid-catalyzed **dehydration** of alcohols in **supercritical** water
- L1 ANSWER 94 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Pyrolysis of 1,3-butanediol as a model reaction for wood liquefaction in **supercritical** water
- L1 ANSWER 95 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Catalyzed and uncatalyzed conversion of cellulose biopolymer model compounds to chemical feedstocks in **supercritical** solvents
- L1 ANSWER 96 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI **Dehydration** of carbohydrates in **supercritical** water
- L1 ANSWER 97 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 TI Heterolysis and homolysis in **supercritical** water

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L1 ANSWER 98 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
TI Heterolysis and homolysis in **supercritical** water

L1 ANSWER 99 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
TI **Dehydration** of **supercritical** carbon dioxide

L1 ANSWER 100 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
TI Solubility of oxygenated hydrocarbons in **supercritical** carbon dioxide

L1 ANSWER 101 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
TI Extraction with **supercritical** gases and its applications

L1 ANSWER 102 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
TI Autoclave for hydrothermal treatment of sorbents and their **dehydration** under **supercritical** conditions

L1 ANSWER 103 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
TI The activity of water in **supercritical** fluids: water-carbon dioxide at 600° and 700°C at elevated pressures

L1 ANSWER 104 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
TI Plotting of a dissociation equilibrium diagram for the calcium sulfate dihydrate-calcium sulfate hemihydrate-liquid water system in the **supercritical** temperature range

L1 ANSWER 105 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
TI Phase equilibrium at elevated pressures in ternary systems of ethylene and water with organic liquids. Salting out with a **supercritical** gas

=> d 2,18,35,44,58,66,85,87,88,93 bib ab

L1 ANSWER 2 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN 2005:445299 CAPLUS
DN 143:9525
TI **Dehydration** reaction and hydration reaction of organic compounds in **supercritical** or subcritical water containing carbon dioxide
IN Ikushima, Yutaka; Arai, Kunio; Minami, Kimitaka
PA National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology, Japan
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DT Patent
LA Japanese
FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 2005132809	A2	20050526	JP 2003-373767	20031031
PRAI	JP 2003-373767		20031031		

AB The tittle reactions do not use acid catalysts such as sulfuric acid, hydrochloric acid, etc., and are performed in a reaction medium which comprises supercrit. or subcrit. water containing ≥ 3 mol% carbon dioxide. The title reactions can be performed in the absence of catalyst. Thus, the **dehydration** reaction of cyclohexanol in water containing 15% carbon dioxide at 380°C gave cyclohexene in 80% yield.

L1 ANSWER 18 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN 2003:785375 CAPLUS
DN 141:90807
TI Conversions of some small organic compounds with metal oxides in **supercritical** water at 673 K

AU Watanabe, Masaru; Iida, Toru; Aizawa, Yuichi; Ura, Haruo; Inomata, Hiroshi; Arai, Kunio
CS Research Center of Supercritical Fluid Technology, Tohoku University, Aramaki Aoba-ku, 980-8579, Japan
SO Green Chemistry (2003), 5(5), 539-544
CODEN: GRCHFJ; ISSN: 1463-9262
PB Royal Society of Chemistry
DT Journal
LA English
OS CASREACT 141:90807
AB Reactions of formaldehyde (HCHO), acetic acid (CH₃COOH), 2-propanol (2-PrOH), and glucose with some metal oxides (CeO₂, MoO₃, TiO₂, and ZrO₂) were conducted in supercrit. water at 673 K and 25-35 MPa, using batch reactors. For the reactions of HCHO, CeO₂ and ZrO₂ showed basicity, on the other hand, MoO₃ and TiO₂ were acid catalysts. ZrO₂ catalyst promoted bimol. decarboxylation of CH₃COOH to form acetone, which indicates that both acid and base sites exist on the surface of ZrO₂ in supercrit. water. **Dehydration** of 2-PrOH with formation of propylene was promoted by acid catalyst (H₂SO₄), while its dehydrogenation with formation of acetone was catalyzed by alkali (NaOH). All the metal oxides that were used in this study promoted **dehydration** of 2-PrOH; namely there are mainly acidic sites for 2-PrOH reactions on the surface of all the metal oxides under the conditions used. Among the metal oxides, ZrO₂ and TiO₂ (rutile) enhanced the formation of acetone in the case of 2-PrOH reaction. This means there are also basic sites for 2-PrOH on the ZrO₂ and TiO₂ (rutile). In supercrit. water at 673 K and 15 min, H₂ yield from glucose in the acidic atmospheric (namely in the presence of H₂SO₄) is lower than that

in

the absence of additive whereas, on the other hand, the H₂ yield in the presence of NaOH is twice as much as that in the absence of the additive. With CeO₂ and ZrO₂, the H₂ yield from glucose was almost twice as high as that without catalyst. By adding MoO₃ and TiO₂, the amount of H₂ formation was suppressed. Through this study, we can show the generality of acidity and basicity of the metal oxides for organic reactions in SCW.

RE.CNT 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 35 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN 2002:405201 CAPLUS
DN 137:200982

TI Reaction kinetics of 2-propanol **dehydration** in **supercritical** water

AU Anikeev, V. I.; Ermakova, A.; Manion, D.; Hugh, R.
CS Boreskov Institute of Catalysis, Siberian Division, Russian Academy of Sciences, Novosibirsk, 630090, Russia
SO Kinetics and Catalysis (Translation of Kinetika i Kataliz) (2002), 43(2), 189-194
CODEN: KICAA8; ISSN: 0023-1584

PB MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing
DT Journal
LA English

AB A study of the kinetics and mechanism of chemical reactions in supercrit. fluids is considered. An exptl. procedure was proposed for examining reversible chemical reactions in supercrit. water. The reaction kinetics of 2-propanol **dehydration** in supercrit. water was studied. It was found that the uncatalyzed reactions of olefin hydrogenation by hydrogen dissolved in supercrit. water occur at high rates near the critical point of water. The exptl. data on the **dehydration** of 2-propanol in supercrit. water are adequately described by first-order reaction rate equations. The rate consts. and activation energies of 2-propanol **dehydration** near the critical point of supercrit. water were found.

RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 44 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AN 2001:909423 CAPLUS
 DN 136:231973
 TI "**Supercritical** water" density effects on the rate of isopropanol
dehydration
 AU Anikeev, V. I.; Menion, D.; Ermakova, A.
 CS Inst. Kitaliza, SO RAN, Novosibirsk, Russia
 SO Zhurnal Fizicheskoi Khimii (2001), 75(8), 1387-1393
 CODEN: ZFKHA9; ISSN: 0044-4537
 PB MAIK Nauka
 DT Journal
 LA Russian
 OS CASREACT 136:231973
 AB The **dehydration** of 2-propanol in supercrit. water proceeded via
 five consecutive-parallel reactions: (1) $2\text{-C}_3\text{H}_8\text{O} = \text{C}_3\text{H}_6 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$; (2) $\text{C}_3\text{H}_6 + \text{H}_2\text{O} = 1\text{-C}_3\text{H}_8\text{O}$; (3) $\text{C}_3\text{H}_6 + \text{H}_2 = \text{C}_3\text{H}_8$; (4) $\text{C}_3\text{H}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{O}$ (acetone); (5)
 $2\text{-C}_3\text{H}_8\text{O} = \text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{O} + \text{H}_2$, with reactions (1), (2), and (5) reversible. Equilibrium
 constant for reaction (1) and rate consts. for reactions (1)-(5) were
 determined
 as functions of d.

L1 ANSWER 58 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AN 1999:711606 CAPLUS
 DN 132:78136
 TI The Continuous Acid-Catalyzed **Dehydration** of Alcohols in
Supercritical Fluids: A New Approach to the Cleaner Synthesis of
 Acetals, Ketals, and Ethers with High Selectivity
 AU Gray, William K.; Smail, Fiona R.; Hitzler, Martin G.; Ross, Stephen K.;
 Poliakoff, Martyn
 CS School of Chemistry, University of Nottingham, University Park Nottingham,
 NG7 2RD, UK
 SO Journal of the American Chemical Society (1999), 121(46), 10711-10718
 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
 PB American Chemical Society
 DT Journal
 LA English
 OS CASREACT 132:78136
 AB We report a new continuous method for forming ethers, acetals and ketals
 using solid acid catalysts, DELOXAN ASP or AMBERLYST 15, and supercrit.
 fluid solvents. In the case of ether formation, we observe a high
 selectivity for linear alkyl ethers with little rearrangement to give
 branched ethers. Such rearrangement is common in conventional syntheses.
 Our approach is effective for a range of n-alcs. up to n-octanol and also
 for the secondary alc. 2-propanol. In the reaction of phenol with an
 alkylating agent, the continuous reaction can be tuned to give
 preferential O- or C-alkylation with up to 49% O-alkylation with
 supercrit. propene. We also investigate the synthesis of a range of
 cyclic ethers and show an improved method for the synthesis of THF from
 1,4-butanediol under very mild conditions.

RE.CNT 71 THERE ARE 71 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 66 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AN 1999:8637 CAPLUS
 DN 130:167837
 TI Organic Chemical Reactions in **Supercritical** Water
 AU Savage, Phillip E.
 CS Chemical Engineering Department, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI,
 48109-2136, USA
 SO Chemical Reviews (Washington, D. C.) (1999), 99(2), 603-621

CODEN: CHREAY; ISSN: 0009-2665

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

AB A review with 171 refs. including hydrogenation/dehydrogenation, C-C bond formation, rearrangements, hydration/**dehydration**, elimination, hydrolysis, oxidation, H-D exchange, and decomposition

RE.CNT 171 THERE ARE 171 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 85 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1991:206280 CAPLUS

DN 114:206280

TI Mechanism and kinetics of the acid-catalyzed **dehydration** of ethanol in **supercritical** water

AU Xu, Xiaodong; De Almeida, Carlos; Antal, Michael J., Jr.

CS Hawaii Nat. Energy Inst., Univ. Hawaii, Manoa, Honolulu, HI, 96822, USA

SO Journal of Supercritical Fluids (1990), 3(4), 228-32

CODEN: JSFLEH; ISSN: 0896-8446

DT Journal

LA English

AB In the presence of a low concentration (<0.01 mol dm⁻³) of H₂SO₄, ethanol undergoes rapid and selective **dehydration** to ethene in supercrit. water. The kinetics of this reaction are consistent with an acid-catalyzed E2 mechanism.

L1 ANSWER 87 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1990:97802 CAPLUS

DN 112:97802

TI Influence of pressure on the acid-catalyzed rate constant for 1-propanol **dehydration** in **supercritical** water

AU Narayan, Ravi; Antal, Michael Jerry, Jr.

CS Hawaii Nat. Energy Inst., Univ. Hawaii, Manoa, Honolulu, HI, 96822, USA

SO Journal of the American Chemical Society (1990), 112(5), 1927-31

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

DT Journal

LA English

AB The acid-catalyzed rate of **dehydration** of 1-propanol (I) in supercrit. water is first-order in I at low reactant concns. Studies of the reaction rate in acidic and buffered solns. lead to values of the pK_a of the sulfuric acid catalyst ranging from 2.1 to 1.5 at 375° as pressure increases from 22.1 MPa (Pr = 1.002) to 34.5 MPa (Pr = 1.563). The bisulfate anion dissociates to a negligible extent in supercrit. water. Because the sulfuric acid is largely dissociated under these conditions, the rate of I disappearance is given by $KH[H^+][I]$, which is an example of specific-acid catalysis. These findings are consistent with an acid-catalyzed, concerted E2 **dehydration** mechanism. The measured value of KH is linearly dependent on the reciprocal of the dielec. constant of water.

L1 ANSWER 88 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1990:54603 CAPLUS

DN 112:54603

TI Kinetic elucidation of the acid-catalyzed mechanism of 1-propanol **dehydration** in **supercritical** water

AU Narayan, Ravi; Antal, Michael Jerry, Jr.

CS Dep. Mech. Eng., Univ. Hawaii, Honolulu, HI, 96822, USA

SO ACS Symposium Series (1989), 406(Supercrit. Fluid Sci. Technol.), 226-41

CODEN: ACSMC8; ISSN: 0097-6156

DT Journal

LA English

AB A symposium. The acid-catalyzed **dehydration** of 1- and 2-propanol

09/914,699

was studied in supercrit. water at 375° and 34.5 mPa. The data for 1-propanol **dehydration** are kinetically consistent with the acid catalyzed E2 mechanism.

L1 ANSWER 93 OF 105 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN 1987:638880 CAPLUS
DN 107:238880
TI Acid-catalyzed **dehydration** of alcohols in **supercritical**
water
AU Ramayya, Sundaresh; Brittain, Andrew; DeAlmeida, Carlos; Mok, William;
Antal, Michael Jerry, Jr.
CS Renewable Resour. Res. Lab., Univ. Hawaii, Honolulu, HI, 96822, USA
SO Fuel (1987), 66(10), 1364-71
CODEN: FUELAC; ISSN: 0016-2361
DT Journal
LA English
OS CASREACT 107:238880
AB At pressures exceeding its critical pressure water retains its ionic
properties to temps. of 400° or more. In water under these
conditions trace amts. of Arrhenius acids dissociate and selectively catalyze
the **dehydration** of alcs., diols, and polyols. High yields of
the desired **dehydration** product (C2H4 from propene from PrOH,
acetaldehyde from ethylene glycol, and acrolein from glycerol) can be
obtained with a residence time of <1 min. However, for EtOH the equilibrium
conversion appears to be less than predicted by ideal solution thermochem.
calcns. This may be due to catalyst deactivation, or it may be an effect
of H bonding between the water and the reactant alc. The
dehydration of PrOH proceeds by a 1st-order reversible reaction
whose equilibrium is close to that predicted by thermodyn.

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	ENTRY	SESSION
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